



Coniferous Forests



The total amount of change from 19 years to 200 years is **40** Acres of land decrease.

There are only **1000** giant pandas in the world.

In order to live in Coniferous forests, red pandas and giant pandas have special features to adapt to their environment.

Red Pandas' Adaptions to Coniferous forests

Feet and Paws:

Red pandas' paws are really useful for drinking water; they wet their paw and lick it to drink water. The feet helps heat loss and helps climb trees.



The Body Coat:

The fur is solid so it gives warmth and comfort to red pandas.



Teeth:

The front teeth are used to tear apart and the back teeth are used for chewing.



Tail:

During the daytime, a red panda's tail is very helpful. It gives shade in times of hot weather, and gives warmth in the winter.



There are **fewer** than **2,500** red pandas.

Giant Panda's Adaptions to Their Habitat

Strong jaws: This is how the panda chews down the hard and strong bamboo plant so easily without any problems.

6 Fingers: This helps the panda eat lots of bamboo and have a good grip with help from the wrist bone.

Four legs: Giant panda don't walk or run at a very fast pace. They have strong and powerful feet and seems like it is flat but that is because they have no pads on the bottom of their paws

The Stomach: The Giant panda has a unique digestive system that can digest bamboo without damaging anything



The Temperature of Coniferous Forest

-40°C to 20°C

Animals that lives in Coniferous Forests



300 to 900



10° C

